

# Judicial Candidate Survey 2020

Right to Life of Greater Cincinnati, Inc.

A candidate's position on life issues is important to pro-life voters. Whether sponsoring legislation, setting policy, or making public statements, the candidates we elect are crucial for promoting the sanctity of life. Please identify your positions on the following issues. After receipt of your completed survey, you may be contacted for clarification of your responses.

**Check that you have read and understand the following: \***

- Surveys may be submitted by mail, email, or online.
- Upon submission, this survey will be posted to our website and published in the CTRL News Bulletin as public information.
- We will redact your contact information before posting to our website.
- The completed survey is required for endorsement consideration.
- Direct questions to KByrne@CincinnatiRighttoLife.org

**Name \***

Mr. James A. Shriver  
Prefix First Last Suffix

**Phone \***

### ## ####

**Email**

**Web Site**

**Facebook URL**

**Position and District Sought: \***

Judge, Clermont County Probate/Juvenile Court

**Are you an incumbent for this office? \***

YES  NO

**Have you previously held an elected position? \***

YES  NO

**Please list the elected positions you have previously held:**

same office - running for re-election  
Clermont County Municipal Court Judge

**What endorsements have you received or are you seeking?**

Clermont County Republican Party -  
have received

**List your top two Judicial priorities:**

- Implementing new programs designed to bring about positive behavior change in youth
- Expanded assistance for pro se filings in both courts

**1. Which former U.S. president's political philosophy best matches your own?**

- Gerald Ford
- Jimmy Carter
- Bill Clinton
- George H.W. Bush
- Ronald Reagan
- George W. Bush
- Barack H. Obama
- Donald J. Trump
- Other (please specify)

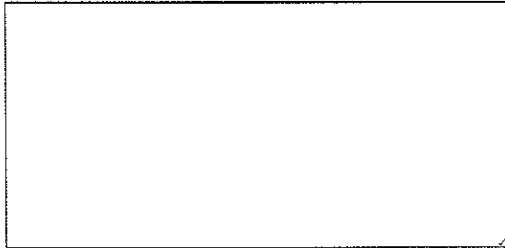
**Comments - Question 1**



2. Which U.S. Supreme Court Justice's legal philosophy best matches your own?

- Justice Alito
- Justice Breyer
- Justice Ginsburg
- Justice Gorsuch
- Justice Kagan
- Justice Kennedy
- Chief Justice Roberts
- Justice Sotomayor
- Justice Thomas
- the late Justice Scalia
- Other (please specify)

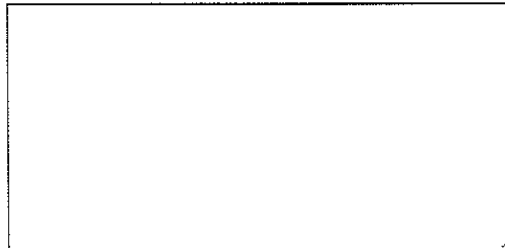
Comments - Question 2



3. Rate your judicial philosophy regarding the U.S. Constitution on a scale of 1-10 with "living/evolving document" being 1 and "strict constructionist" being a 10:

1 10  
10

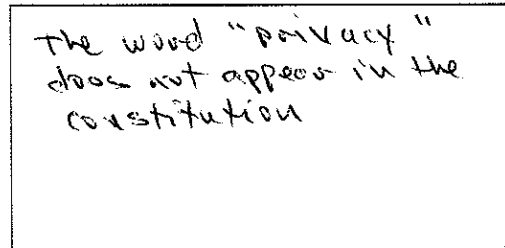
Comments - Question 3



4. In Roe v. Wade, 410 U.S. 113 (1973), the U.S. Supreme Court recognized a "right to privacy" under the Constitution that includes abortion. The Constitution does not include this right.

- Agree
- Disagree
- Undecided

Comments - Question 4



5. Judges should refrain from "legislating from the bench." The translation of public policy into law and the creation, extension, modification or limitation of citizens' rights (and governmental authority) are properly within the province of the legislative, not judicial, branch of government.

- Agree
- Disagree
- Undecided

Comments - Question 5

6. An unborn child is biologically human at every stage of his or her biological development, beginning at fertilization.

- Agree
- Disagree
- Undecided

Comments - Question 6

7. The law should be applied to pro-life demonstrators in the same manner as is applied to environmental, anti-war and labor demonstrators.

- Agree
- Disagree
- Undecided

Comments - Question 7

8. There is no provision in the current Ohio Constitution intended to require the use of public funds for abortion.

- Agree
- Disagree
- Undecided

Comments - Question 8

9. The judiciary does not possess the authority to expand the definition of marriage to include anything but one man and one woman.

- Agree
- Disagree
- Undecided

Comments - Question 9

The authority rests solely with the legislature and the voters in an election considering such a proposal.

10. The law protects individuals' and organizations' rights of conscience from

- Agree
- Disagree

being forced to participate in abortion or other practices contrary to their moral or religious convictions.

Undecided

Comments - Question 10

11. Laws, regulations, or ordinances that restrict individuals' and organizations' rights of conscience are unconstitutional.

Agree  
 Disagree  
 Undecided

Comments - Question 11

12. Laws that require businesses or religious organizations to work for or provide services to gay, lesbian, bisexual and transgender persons despite these entities' religious or moral objections are unconstitutional.

Agree  
 Disagree  
 Undecided

Comments - Question 12

13. List all organizations to which you have contributed time or money in the past four years.

Cincinnati County Special Olympics  
Mt. Moriah U.M. Church  
Crossroads Church  
Veterans of Foreign Wars  
Vietnam Vets  
American Legion